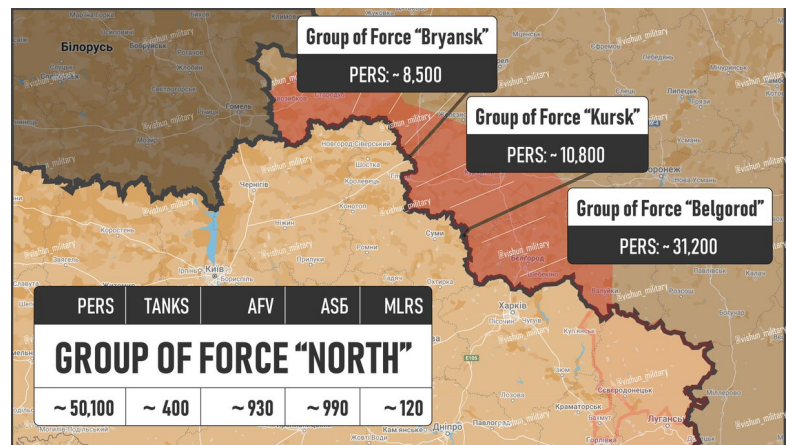


# Kharkov Battles: The Battle for Vovchansk II

Published by the Military Revolutionary Committee, a Subcommittee of the Central Committee of the District Assembly, on the [LeftOpposition.com](http://LeftOpposition.com) on May 16th, 2024, Ariel Plotnik : [ariel.plotnik@leftopposition.com](mailto:ariel.plotnik@leftopposition.com)  
Updated Month, Date, Year.

Left Opposition will no longer provide translations for quotations from Foreign Sources of Public Information (FSOPI). Readers are advised to paste copied quotations into a translator or begin studying foreign languages. Articles are produced in strict accordance with the concept of 'scientific journalism' first developed by Julian Assange for the sake of an objective analysis of geopolitics.

Written under surveillance by the anti-Constitutional activity of constitutionally baseless agencies funded by United States of America, the following article is uncensored. The United States of America, which no longer honors the Constitution, violates the Fourth Amendment against unwarranted searches or seizures. The computer on which the following article is written is infiltrated with a cellular modem, through which agents of the American police state gain perpetual, unauthorized, illegal access to the author's intellectual property.





1. On February 16th, 2024, the *Wall Street Journal* reported in its Saturday morning newspaper that “[outgunned] Ukrainian forces have withdrawn from the beleaguered eastern city of Avdiivka.” The former eastern Ukrainian city, Avdiivka, suddenly became Avdeevka, a Russian controlled territory in a wide belt of contested areas spanning the width of a series of battles for ultimate control over

the geopolitically significant Kharkov direction.

2. It signified the single most important advance for Russia, since the fall of Bakhmut-Artemovsk in May, 2023.[1] It also signified the single most important development for the overall war, since Russia’s expansion of its initial invasion on February 24th, 2022.

3. In the month following the fall of Avdiivka, Russian forces advanced well beyond the lines existing before the fall of Avdiivka. These are all in the Kharkov direction.[2]
4. The Kharkov direction, whose history as a centre for the manufacture of Soviet tanks pre-dates the outbreak of World War II, stands as a gateway for advancing in either direction in Ukraine. In the east the road to Moscow is paved through Kharkov, in the west to Kiev.

### **Lipsti**

5. On the Lipsti side of the sixth front under the control of Army Group North Russian forces placed the main line of communication separating the village from Kharkiv city under fire control. Based on the most recent reports, there appears to be little to no forward movement in new advances southward towards Kharkiv city.

### **Vovchansk**

6. Reports of intensive air strikes being carried out on the border separating the Kharkiv region from Russia have witnessed

dozens of FABs in the Volchansk and Volchansky districts. These reports were confirmed by both German as well as Arabic language war commentators.

7. The Russian military blogger, for instance, wrote: “طائرة روسية“ تفصف مبنى تستخدمه القوات الاوكرانية في فولشانسك، جرى استخدام قنبلة انزلاقية ODAБ-1500 ولديها قوة تدمير مرعبة.” [3]
8. The German military blogger, Roepcke, wrote, for instance, “Eine russische 1.5 Tonnen schwere Gleitbombe vom Typ “ODAB—1500 UMPK” trifft zielgenau en ukrainisch gehaltenes Gebäude in Wowtschansk—weil wir der Ukraine nicht erlauben, russische Flugzeuge abzuschließen oder auch nur deren Luftwaffenstützpunkte zu bombardieren.” [4]
9. On May 21st, 2024, Russian forces entered the Vovchansk district court, which is just a few blocks south-east of the hospital.

10. It appears as though Ukrainian forces have begun to abandon positions inside of the city for the natural barrier the Vovcha river presents in the

- southwestern outskirts of the city. If so, it represents a major turning point in Ukrainian tactical maneuvers, as Ukrainians have stubbornly resisted the surrender of territory at a great cost of Ukrainian life.
11. *The Kyiv Independent*, a paper subscription for which is regulated as it is for the *New York Times*, recently published an article claiming that more than 100 civilians remain in the Russian controlled parts of Vovchansk. It claims: “Russian forces refuse to allow them to leave and threatened to shoot them, Kharkiv Oblast Governor Oleh Syniehubov said on state television on May 21st, 2024.”
  12. The article, however, stands in stark contrast to earlier reports on Russian intentions. It was earlier reported that Russia’s objective during many of its recent bombing campaigns targeting the Kharkiv region sought to expel residents. If so, any refusal to allow the more than 100 residents would contradict these earlier reports about Russian intentions in the region.
  13. Unit ACHILLES within the 92nd Assault Brigade recently published a video, showcasing Russian losses in the Kharkiv direction. These are 1 BREM, 1 BM-21 Grad MLRS, 1 BMP-2, 2 trucks and 2 vehicles.
  14. In addition, it appears as though Ukraine’s ability to intercept Russian Герань 2 drones, designed after the Iranian Shahed-136/131, has increased steadily over the past few days.
    - On May 18th, 2024, Ukrainian Повітряні Сили posted a notice stating: “знищено 13 ударних БпЛА “Shahed-136/131.” It was reported that all of the Shahed-136/131 drones were shot down.
    - On May 19th, 2024, Ukrainian Повітряні Сили posted a notice stating: “знищено 37 ударних БпЛА “Shahed-136/131.” It was reported that all of the Shahed-136/131 drones were shot down.
    - On May 20th, 2024, Ukrainian Повітряні Сили posted a notice stating: “знищено 29 ударних БпЛА “Shahed-136/131.” It was reported that all of the

- Shahed-136/131 drones were shot down.
- On May 21st, 2024, Ukrainian Повітряні Сили posted a notice stating: “знищено 28 ударних БПЛА “Shahed-136/131.” It was reported that all but one of the 29 Shahed-136/131 drones were shot down.
  - On May 22nd, 2024, Ukrainian Повітряні Сили posted a notice stating: “знищено 24 ударних БПЛА “Shahed-136/131.” It was reported that all of the Shahed-136/131 drones were shot down.
15. If these reports are accurate, then Ukraine has significantly increased its ability to intercept Russian “Shahed-136/131” drones, at least according to a most recent report published in the *Wall Street Journal*. In that article the *Journal* stated: “In April the interception rate for long-range Shahed drones, which are easier to shoot down, fell just 1 percentage point, to 82% in the past six months.” [5]
16. Based on the figures enumerated by Ukrainian Повітряні Сили, Ukraine is edging closer to a point at which the Shahed drones may become neutralized to the point of obsolescence. If so, Ukraine’s achievement would be the first time in the history of modern warfare that a country’s anti-air defense systems have neutralized a drone threat to the point of obsolescence, a significant milestone in the history of the Ukraine war, especially given the destructive power the blooming Russian geraniums have caused to Ukraine.
17. Compounding the significance of Ukraine’s achievement would be granular statistics indicating that Ukrainians are employing Russian heavy machine guns such as the ZU-23-2 Soviet 23-mm twin anti-aircraft gun attached to the bed of Toyota diesel Hiluxes in the style of Middle Eastern warfare, as reported in the pictures posted together with stories from the *Kyiv Independent* on May 18th, 2024 and May 19th, 2024 [6], [7].
18. The obsolescence of Russian Geraniums would also be significant for its impact on Russia’s production capacity in the special economic zone, Alabuga, Tatarstan. If so, “outpaced” production of



Shahed 136	
Mass:	200 kg
Length:	3.5 m
Warhead weight:	40 kg
Wingspan:	2.5 m
Maximum speed:	around 185 km/h

**המודיעין האמריקני השיג/הרכיב דגם של המל"ט המתפוצץ האיראני שאהד-136. המטרה: לפתח מערכת נשק נגדו. מטאמריקני מיוחד למשימה זו פועל מקייב**

Shahed-136 שאהד 136, רוסיה, איראן, המודיעין האמריקני, המלחמה באוקראינה, חסייה, שאהד 136, 23:00 @ 2022, 22 פיק

כמה מקורות מודיעין אמריקנים מדווחים, בשבת 22.10, כי המודיעין האמריקני פועל עתה במאמץ עליון להשיג דגם של המל"ט המתפוצץ האיראני שאהד-136, במטרה לפתח מערכת נשק נגדו.

השגת הדגם של המל"ט האיראני מצויה עתה בעדיפות עליונה של המודיעין, אמר מקור אמריקני בכיר. הוא הוסיף ואמר, כי חלקים של מל"טים איראניים כאלה שהופלו באוקראינה כבר הגיעו לארצות הברית ומומחים עוסקים כבר בבדיקתם.

הבכיר האמריקני סירב לומר באם מחלקים אלה אפשר היה להרכיב מל"ט שלם או כמעט שלם. מקורות אמריקנים אחרים רמזו לאפשרות כי המודיעין האמריקני הצליח להביא באחרונה מל"ט מתפוצץ איראני שלם מאחת מארצות התיכון. המקורות סירבו לאשר או להכחיש ידיעה זו וכן נמנעו מלקבוע בשם המדינה ממנה הובא הדגם לארצות הברית.

המקורות הצביעים על תיקדוקה מציניים, כי מטאמריקני מיוחד המרכז את הפעולות להשגת המידע על שאהד-136 פועל משגרירות ארצות הברית בקייב בירת אוקראינה. בראש המטה עומד גנרל בעל כוכב אחד, a one-star army general, וכי הטסת חלקים של המל"ט האיראני שהופל באוקראינה מטוסים מתכננת על בסיס יזמי לארצות הברית.

detect, target, or destroy these drones.[8] Absent granular data on these figures from Ukraine's Повітряні Сили, an accurate assessment of the achievements the American team made is premature. Given the high rate of interception, which is more than a ten percent increase since the *Journal's* report, one can speculate with a reasonable degree of certainty that the team may have achieved its goal.

### On the Overthrow of the Zelensky Regime

20. Leon Trotsky, the leader of the Russian revolution, distinguishes the 'war dictatorship,' the dictatorship of the military machine, the staff (i.e., the SBU), of finance capital (i.e., U.S., Britain, France, Germany) from a fascist dictatorship by a "feeling of desperation of large masses of the people." Ukraine's masses, many of whom have fled to greener pastures abroad, have not yet developed a 'feeling of desperation' but are on their way.
21. A military dictatorship, on the other hand, is 'purely a bureaucratic institution,

- Geraniums might not lead to more successful strikes, thereby nullifying the strategic advantage Russia's larger war economy affords its military over Ukraine's.
19. It could also mean that the specialized American team assigned to counteract the Russian drone threat from Geraniums may have succeeded in the discovery of a method to

reinforced by the military machine and based upon the disorientation of the people and their submission to it,' as the Ukrainian ruling elites believe in NATO and the EU membership already denied to them, a clear political disorientation, especially since neither NATO nor EU membership afford any material benefit for Ukrainians.

22. The great thing about a 'military dictatorship,' like Zelensky's (with suspended elections), Trotsky writes, is that "after some time [the people's] feelings can change and they become rebellious against the dictatorship," seeking to supplant it with their own dictatorship.
23. Some time has already passed. At 11:59AM on Monday night, May 20th, 2024, Volodymyr Zelensky, remained the President of Ukraine without elections. Without elections, Volodymyr Zelensky's military dictatorship becomes a military junta. He is no longer a democratically elected representative of the people of Ukraine. The sole nuance is that Zelensky's usurpation of the presidency represents a continuation of the

Julia Nuland's 2014 *coup d'état* that has resulted in nothing short of a complete disaster.[9] The disaster continues. It continues with consequences.

24. One of the consequences is that the United States is no longer able to aid Ukraine legally. Since the United States does not support a military junta with any aid, as has been the case in Niger, any or all aid the United States provides to the Zelensky regime after May 21st, 2024 becomes illegal. The aid the President of the United States approved on April 24th, 2024 for Ukraine in the amount of \$61 billion is no longer legal. It is illegal.
25. Zelensky's refusal to rubber stamp his own re-election should come as a warning to the widest layers of the Ukrainian working classes. Zelensky's regime's decision to forgo a 'rubber-stamp' election is a reflection of the CIA's refusal to support even 'nominal' democratic norms in Ukraine amidst a Ukrainian 'Operation Chaos.' [10], [11] Zelensky's military junta is engaged in precisely the same methods of military dictatorship that Nixon sought to advance

against citizens of the United States. Zelensky's regime "wiretapped, opened mail, infiltrated legitimate organizations." [12] With the suspension of elections, Zelensky now adds to the list of tasks agents executing a new 'Operation Chaos' in Ukraine the subversion of democracy, representative governance, or the rule of law. The Zelensky regime's expansion of police state powers to the presidency is now reaching a much higher level than the one the original 'Operation Chaos' could have ever reached. The result is already apparent.

26. Military bloggers have already showed footage of action that truck drivers in the south western part of the Kherson region organized against the Zelensky regime's decision to spearhead the enforcement of a draconian mobilization law, designed to provide more "Eastern European manpower" for "the technological capabilities of NATO" on the battlefield. Together with a much lower age for conscription, the law included a provision for prisoners to exchange military service for the Ukrainian

prosecutor general to commute the remainder of their sentences. So far the last has failed to provide Ukraine with the reserves of manpower it requires to continue its reconstitutions. The so-called Saudi newspaper located in London, whose reporting is often influenced by foreign intelligence agencies, The Middle East (i.e., الشرق الأوسط), recently reported the following: "أعلنت نائبة وزير العدل الأوكرانية أولينا فيسوتسكا، اليوم (الثلاثاء) ، أن أكثر من ثلاثئة الاف سجين في أوكراني تقدموا بطلبات الانضمام إلى القوات المسلحة بموجب قانون جديد يهدف إلى حشد مزيد من المقاتلين لمواجهة الغزو الروسي، وفق ما اورده «وكالة الصحافة الفرنسية» [13]"

27. The number at 3,000, however, is far less than the amount of reserves that Ukraine requires to successfully complete its myriad of programs for continuously reconstituting brigades like the 47th Mechanized Brigade, which the "United States trained and equipped last year." [14]

28. Just like the brigades the United States trained for the Ukrainian counteroffensive, the 47th Mechanized Brigade, for instance, is disintegrating, as the brigade's commander has



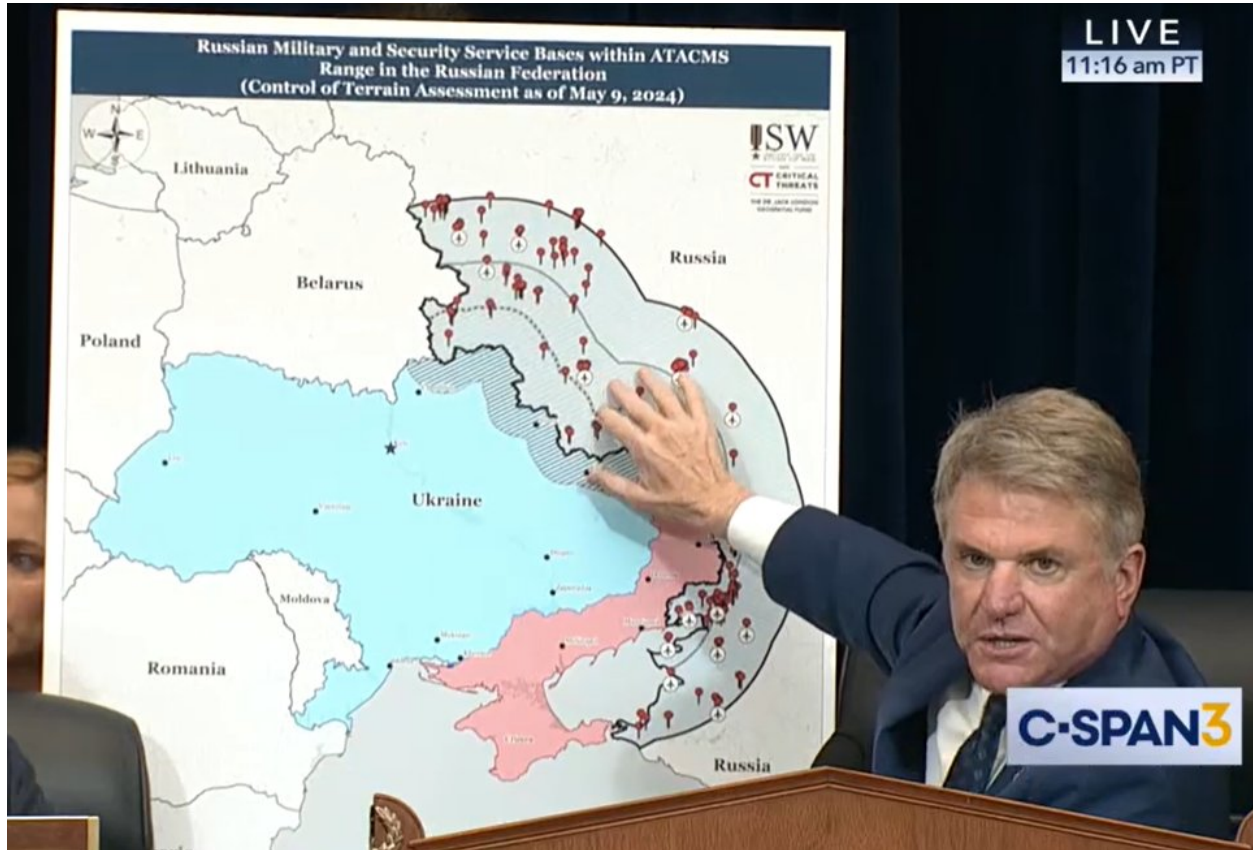
- changed more than three times since the beginning of the war. Like many of Ukraine's brigades, the 47th has been in a constant state of continuous reconstitution, a state its recent defeat during Russian breakthroughs in the battles of Berdayachi and Ocheretyne in the Avdiivka direction exacerbated.[15], [16]
29. According to *Forbes*, Russia's capture of Ocheretyne became one of the country's fastest penetrations in recent months, threatening not only the collapse of Ukraine's defensive lines west of Avdiivka but the fragility of its least trained brigades. "To understand how scared Ukrainian commanders are now, look at the brigade they sent to break through north and west of Ocheretin: the 100th Mechanized Brigade. This brigade is one of the newest and most poorly equipped brigades in the Ukrainian army, and it does not appear to be equipped to provide assistance on the front lines on orders from commanders." The article from *Forbes* emphasizes how "panicky Ukrainian commanders" became as a result of the situation in and around Ocheretyne. [17]
30. In response to Zelensky's decision to suspend elections, various Russian news agencies, many of whom are banned by the European Union, reported that the United Nations endorsed him as 'president,' in what can only be described as a clear act of *doublespeak*. [17a, 17b, 17c, 17d, 17e]
31. The United Nations' decision to endorse Zelensky together with his military junta follows closely the calls among members of the House to provide Ukraine with additional—illegal—aid to strike deep within Russian territory. These members of the house are influenced by or a part of the C.I.A.'s efforts to reprogram news agencies, of which a recent report published in the *Hill*, a reversal of its previous stance on Ukraine's inability to win the war on the eve of the fall of Avdiivka[18], [19], indicates the depth of the agency's success. It is entitled: "Ukraine ups pressure on US to allow strikes in Russia: 'This is insane.' [20] Comparing the article published on February 22nd, 2024 to the one published on May 19th,



2024, the difference can only be described as a ‘sharp turn.’ The effort to reprogram news agencies, a derivative of the CHAOS operations to silence independent journalism during the Vietnam war, follows closely the open advocacy for an expansion of the war research centers like the Institute for the Study of War frequently air in report after report, lamenting Ukraine’s inability to strike targets deep in Russian territory. The ISW, for instance, tweeted the following on May 20th, 2024: “The Institute for the Study of War (ISW) argued in an analysis published earlier this week that the U.S. policy “makes no sense” and is

“severely compromising Ukraine’s ability to defend itself” against the Kharkiv offensive.” [21]

32. The CIA’s efforts to reprogram America’s journalism, however, have not easily dispelled the myth of a Ukrainian victory. An independent analysis from *Foreign Policy*, for instance, estimates that the result of America’s decision to arm “Eastern European manpower” with the “technological capabilities of NATO” has not resulted in the attainment of a strategic objective. It wrote, for instance, on May 11th, 2024 the following: “If a vast infusion of Western tech has not resolved



Ukraine’s weakness vis-à-vis Russia, then neither advisors nor behind-the-lines support would likely change this dynamic.”[22] It notes that “Washington’s current approach is a strategic cop-out,” [risking] “another forever war.” It is unlikely that Ukraine’s war can become a ‘forever war’ like Afghanistan.

33. On May 20th, 2024, a day before Zelensky’s regime went from dictatorship to junta, members of the House sent a letter to Secretary of Defense, Lloyd Austin, describing three urgent requests. These requests, which

are summarized at length in succinct letter, ask the Secretary of Defense to begin 1) “Authorizing the Use of U.S.- Provided Weapons to Strike Strategic Targets within Russian Territory Under Certain Circumstances,” 2) “Training Additional F-16 Pilots, as well as providing 3) “Air Defenses.” [23]

34. Although Austin reiterated his refusal to provide Ukraine missiles for long range strikes in Russia, the argument is less a political than a military one. The ATACMs provided thus far to

Ukraine have not tipped the balance of power on the ground in eastern Ukraine, even though many of the strikes involving ATACMs have struck legitimate military targets throughout the Black Sea, Crimea or elsewhere. On May 19th, 2024, for instance, Ukrainian armed forces targeted one of Russia's vessels on the Black Sea, allegedly destroying a Russian navy minesweeper. In a notice, Ukraine's Військово-Морські Сили described the attacks as follows: "знищено морський тральщик чф рф проекту 266-М «ковровец»." On the same day, it was reported that Ukrainian armed forces struck a project 22800 Russian "karakurt" "Cyclone" missile ship in Sevastapol, killing 6 sailors while injuring 11. Both of these attacks are allegedly carried out with ATACMS. These attacks followed attacks on Russia's Belbek airfield in Crimea where ATACMs wiped out Russian fuel depots designed to ensure the air forces of Russia's Black Sea Fleet stay flying.

35. Research centers like the Institute for the Study of War, which could easily attempt to quantify the results of Ukraine's

long strike against its ability to reclaim territory from penetrating Russian advances, has absolutely refused to do so. In the absence of an analysis, quantifying the results of the strikes against reclaimed Ukrainian territory, one can assume that the Institute for the Study of War is deliberately concealing the lack of efficacy these weapons have on the overall effect for the war.

36. Joined now by the Secretary of State, Anthony Blinken [24], the members of the House ended their letter to Austin with a declaration of panic, stating: "Ukrainian officials have expressed grave concerns, stating that the situation is worse than ever."

37. It is. The situation facing Ukrainians is now "worse than ever" but what the Ukrainians need least of all is more "technological capabilities of NATO," none of which has facilitated Ukraine's reclamation of territory. Within the current situation, the time has come for Ukrainians, who are beginning to protest against Zelensky's enforcement of the draconian mobilization law, to encourage

the independent mobilization of the Ukrainian working class to overthrow Volodymyr Zelensky's illegitimate regime, a U.S.-led NATO puppet.

### **The Long Range Strike Capabilities**

38. According to Ukrainian language military bloggers, whose GPS coordinates on a recent attack is geo-confirmed with Ukrainian maps, residents from Donetsk filmed an attack with ATACMS. The Ukrainian language military blogger stated: ““Місцеві жителі фільмують удар ATACMS з касетною бойовою частиною в районі Моспиного, Донецька область.” [25] Ukraine's *Kyiv Independent*, which the *Wall Street Journal's* parent company owns, the attack resulted in the complete destruction of a Russian S-400 anti-air defense system, one of Russia's most expensive systems. [26]

39. Ukraine's long range strike capabilities have struck multiple legitimate military targets deep within Ukrainian territory such as the one on a Russian S-400 system with ATACMS.

40. The current debate [27] over the delivery of weapons designed to strike deep within Russian—rather than Ukrainian—territory, however, is less about legitimate military targets than it is a revival of an early program Washington utilized to coordinate the assassination of Russian generals with Kyiv. The only difference is that within the confines of the previous assassination program the targets had to be within Ukraine. Within the confines of the new assassination program, they do not. The fact that Ukraine would like to use ATACMs rather than artillery is not a new difference, since Ukraine has never sourced its munitions from anywhere but the West.

41. The previous assassination program received little to no press in the early days of the war. The only news agency to detail the results of the assassination program appears to have been the Hebrew language daily, *הקול*, whose editor disappeared under inexplicable circumstances. The daily published numerous articles. These articles initially detailed “losses” [28] before enumerating the third [29], fourth[30],

sixth[31], seventh[32], and tenth[33] general to be assassinated. The author has not been able to establish whether תיק דבקה published articles on the first, second, fifth, eighth, ninth, eleventh or twelfth assassination, since the chronological sequences of return data from search queries on the website returns dates in a randomized order.

42. In the last article תיק דבקה published on the assassinations, the article detailed how the *New York Times*, which did not speculate about which company provided the targeting data for these assassinations, finally broke the story to the Western press on May 5th, 2022.[34]
43. The *Times* noted: “Ukrainian officials said they have killed approximately 12 generals on the front lines, a number that has astonished military analysts.” In an explanation of the ‘targeting’ for these assassinations, the *Times* wrote: “The targeting help is part of a classified effort by the Biden administration to provide real-time battlefield intelligence to Ukraine.” The targeting, as the *Times* notes, consists of the following:

“Ukrainian officials have combined geographic information with their own intelligence—including intercepted communications that alert the Ukrainian military to the presence of senior Russian officers—to conduct artillery strikes that have killed Russian officers.” [35]

44. It is likely given an article in the *Time* that the company responsible for providing targeting data for these assassinations is Palantir for two reasons. Palantir has already declared its provision of ‘targeting’ help for Ukrainian operations. [36] Palantir’s software is one of the few that is likely able to combine different types of data into a single ‘real-time’ platform for targeting.
45. It is unknown what is meant by ‘intercepted communications’ but the most likely meaning is that the metadata on ‘calls’ to or from a ‘mobilized’ headquarters is enumerated so that the designation applies immediately after the enumeration exceeds a specific threshold.

## Conclusion

46. In regards to the Kharkiv offensive, Russia, however, needs only come within artillery range of the capital, Kyiv, to sue for peace. In the short term, however, the Vovchansk front is far more significant than Liptsi's due to the former's proximity to the Pechenihiy reservoir, a natural land barrier the Russian history of warfare on the eastern front suggests the Russians would most certainly exploit to secure its eastern flank in Vovchansk before shifting its weight towards Liptsi upon coalescence. Given Russia's current pace, it is likely that prior to an advance on Kharkiv from Vovchansk's side, Russian forces may seek to entrench fortifications at a depth of five to fifth teen kilometers all along the right bank of the Pechenihiy reservoir as a way to secure its flank in an emergency.

47. The fall of Izyum represented a catastrophic defeat for the Russians in 2022. With the assault on Kharkiv now advancing from two sides, Liptsi, on on the one hand, Vovchansk, on the other, there is a high likelihood that within a short period of time Ukraine's armed forces may no longer be



**הרמטכ"ל הרוסי הגנרל  
וואלרי גרסימוב הגיע לזירת  
המלחמה באוקראינה ולקח  
אישית את הפיקוד על חזית  
איזום Izyum. הצי הרוסי  
הציב דולפינים בנמלים בים  
השחור להגן עליהם מפני  
אנשי צפרדע**

אפר 29, 2022 @ 16:56 המלחמה באוקראינה, הרמטכ"ל הרוסי גנרל  
וואלרי גרסימוב, נשיא אוקראינה וולודימיר זלנסקי, צבא אוקראינה, צבא רוסייה

able to prevent the city's third fall.

48. The fall of Novomikhailovka [37] in the Ugledar[38], [39]direction represented the first major gain in that direction even well before the beginning of the battle of Bakhmut-Artemovsk. During the battle of Bakhmut-Artemovsk, for instance, the *New York Times* published a number of articles, detailing Russia's failure to win a major tank battle, attributing one of the few major tank battles to the Armed Forces of Ukraine.

- Given the duration of hostilities in that direction, the Ugledar tank battles takes a heightened significance for the overall war, if not for armor.
49. It has been the case that the *New York Times* has often rushed to the conclusion that armor together with tanks are no longer relevant in the 21st century. The battles in Ugledar in 2023 undermine that claim but from the Ukrainian rather than the Russian side.
50. In addition, the fall of Netailove and Ocheretine in the Avdiivka direction and advances in the Tokmak and Bakhmut directions, hasten Russia's advance on the Dnipro, where Russia recently bombed multiple Ukrainian aircraft. The pro-Russian Arabic language military blogger, @id7p\_ (i.e., شؤون روسية) recently reported the following: “بالتزامن مع اقتراب الغرب، إرسال طائرات عسكرية مقاتلة إلى أوكرانيا، قام الجيش الروسي بتنفيذ عدة ضربات صاروخية على إحدى المطارات العسكرية في دنيبروبتروفسك مما نتج عن تدمير طائرة أوكرانية مقاتلة من طراز MiG-29 وتعطيل طائرتين من نوع Yak-40.” [40]
51. With the collapse of Ukraine's defensive lines in the Avdiivka direction, Russia is now “On the Eve of the Last Fall of Kharkov,”[41] edging closer to the Dnipro, the point around which Russian forces are expected to coalesce for a major assault from multiple directions on the Kharkiv direction, which initially fell to Russia [חרקוב] before Ukraine ultimately reclaimed the territory in “a lightning offensive in September 2022.”[חארקיב], [4]
52. “With Ukraine's stockpiles of munitions depleted, many of its D-20 or D-30 Soviet made howitzers destroyed, as per a most recent Russian strike in the Sumy region, or decommissioned, its Caesar [whose corn wiring nightmarish rats devoured] or M777 155mm howitzers malfunctioning or misfiring or not firing at all for “a lack of shells,” as Kirby states, the Ukrainian military is expected to suffer a defeat in the battle over the last fall of Kharkov.”[34]
53. Accordingly, Axel Springer's Washington based *Politico*, previously owned by the billionaire banker, Robert



Allbriton, provided a most recent time estimate “on the last fall of Kharkov,” arguing that “Ukraine is heading for defeat,” as early as this summer. [35]

---

STOP THE WAR IN UKRAINE!

JOIN THE DISTRICT ASSEMBLY  
NOW!

[1] — [“Kharkov Battles: On the Fall of Avdiivka,” *LeftOpposition*, February 17th, 2024]

[2] — [“Российские войска за март освободили в зоне СВО пять населенных пунктов,” *Телеканал 360*, 04.02.2024]

[3] - [@hosamalkrbash: طائرة روسية تقصف مبنى تستخدمه القوات الاوكرانية في فولشانسك، جرى استخدام قنبلة انزلاقية ODAБ-1500 ولديها قوة تدمير مرعبة]

[4] - [@JulianRoepcke: Eine russische 1.5 Tonnen schwere Gleitbombe vom Typ “ODAB—1500 UMPK” trifft zielgenau en ukrainisch gehaltenes Gebäude in Wovtschansk—weil wir der Ukraine nicht erlauben, russische Flugzeuge abzuschließen oder auch nur deren Luftwaffenstützpunkte zu bombardieren.” May 21st, 2024]

[5] - [“Ukraine Downs Fewer Russian Missiles,” *Wall Street Journal*, May 14th, 2024]

[6] - [“Air Force: Ukraine Downs All 13 Russian Drones Overnight,” *Kyiv Independent*, May 18th, 2024],

[7] - [“Air Force: All 37 Russian Attack Drones Targeting Ukraine Overnight Shot Down,” *The Kyiv Independent*, May 19th, 2024]

[8] - [המודיעין האמריקני השיג/הרכיב דגם] של המל"ט המתפוצץ האיראני שאהד. המטרה: לפתח מערכת נשק נגדו. מטא אמריקני מיוחד למשימה זו פועל מקייבן, [תיק דבקה, אוק 22, 2022]

[9] - [“Some Notes on Burn’s Essay in *Foreign Policy*,” *LeftOpposition*, January 30th, 2024]

[10] - [*UnAmerican Activities: The Campaign Against the Underground Press*, City Lights, 1981]

[11] - [“Huge C.I.A. Operation in the U.S. against Antiwar Forces, Other Dissidents in Nixon Years,” *New York Times*, December 22nd, 1974, Seymour Hersh]

[12] - [“Teller of Truth,” *New York Times*, July 16th, 1975]

[13] - [“أكثر من ٣٠٠٠ سجين تتقدمو  
بطلبات للانضمام إلى الجيش الأوكراني”،  
05.21.2024]

[14] - [“Russia's Advance in Eastern  
Stronghold Losses Steam After  
Quick Gains,” *NYT*, March 10th,  
2024]

[15] - [“In Berdychi, Ukraine’s M-1  
Abrams Tanks Made Their Last  
Stand—And Halted the Russian  
Advance,” *Forbes*, March 8th, 2024]

[16] - [“A Ukrainian Brigade  
Disappeared. And A Russian  
Brigade Almost Broke Through:  
How the Battle of Ocheretyne  
Upended the War In Ukraine This  
Weekend,” *Forbes*, April 25th, 2024]

[17] - [“As Russian Troops Broke  
Through Ukrainian Lines, Panicky  
Ukrainian Commanders Had No  
Choice But To Deploy One of Their  
Least-Prepared Brigades,” *Forbes*,  
April 26th, 2024]

[17a] - [“В ООН заявили, что  
продолжат считать Зеленюго  
президентом Украины,”  
*Российская Газета*, 05.21.2024]

[17b] - [“Владимир Зеленский  
продолжает оставаться для ООН  
президентом Украины,”  
*Российская Газета*, 05.21.2024]

[17c] - [В ночь на 20 мая истек  
срок полномочий Зеленюго на  
посту действующего президента  
Украины. *URA.Ru*, 05.21.2024]

[17d] - [“Выборы главы  
государства на Украине должны  
были состояться 31 марта, однако  
в ноябре 2023 года Зеленский  
заявил, что в сложившейся  
обстановке проведение  
голосования будет не ко времени,”  
*Известия*, 05.21.2024]

[17e] - [“В ходе брифинг  
журналисты поинтересовались,  
будет ли всемирная организация  
считать Зеленюго законным  
представителем Украины при  
проведении мирных переговоров,”  
*Российская Газета*, 05.21.2024]

According to an article published on  
May 17th, 2024 by *The Kyiv  
Independent*, a newspaper that  
spreads Ukrainian propaganda and  
supports the war against Russia,” the  
EU has banned a number of Russian  
news agencies for “spreading  
Russian propaganda and supporting  
the war against Ukraine.” The EU’s  
vote, however, is not based upon a  
study demonstrating to the contrary  
that the news agency publishes  
unverifiable information. It is the  
author’s opinion that the EU’s

decision is based more on a desire to prevent Russian media from reporting within Europe than with the veracity of published information. Any or all Foreign Sources of Public Information (FSOPI) are fair game for our analyses, regardless of what the European Union legislates.

[18] - ["Ukraine can no longer win the war," *The Hill*, February 22nd, 2024]

[19] - ["Kharkov Battles: On the Fall of Avdiivka," *LeftOpposition*, February 17th, 2024]

[20] - ["Ukraine ups pressure on US to allow strikes in Russia: 'This is insane.'" *The Hill*, May 19th, 2024]

[21] - [@TheStudyofWar: "The Institute for the Study of War (ISW) argued in an analysis published earlier this week that the U.S. policy "makes no sense" and is "severely compromising Ukraine's ability to defend itself" against the Kharkiv offensive." May 20th, 2024]

[22] - [@ForeignPolicy, "What Does America Want in Ukraine?, May 11th, 2024]

[23] - [Letter dated May 20th, 2024, from: Congress of the United States, to: Lloyd J. Austin, III]

[24] - ["NYT: Blinken Supports Lifting Ban on Ukrainian Strikes inside Russia with US Arms," *Kyiv Independent*, May 23rd, 2024]

[25] - [@EjShahid: "Місцеві жителі фільмують удар АТАСМС з касетною бойовою частиною в районі Моспиного, Донецька область. 05.22.2024]

[26] - ["General Staff: Ukraine hits Russia S-400 air defense system," *Kyiv Independent*, May 23rd, 2024]

[27] - ["Inside the White House, a Debate Over Letting Ukraine Shoot U.S. Weapons Into Russia," *New York Times*, May 22nd, 2024]

[28] - [דיווח על אבדות ראשונות בין מפקדי הכוחות הרוסיים הפועלים באוקראינה. בין ההרוגים גנרל רוסי שפיקד על דוויזית הצנחנים הרוסית מסי 7, תיק 2022 ,4 מרץ ,דבקה]

[29] - [גנרל שלישי רוסי הרוג במלחמה] בקאוקראינה. מפקד הארמיה מסי 29 הרוסית מייגור גנרל קולנסניקוב, תיק 2022 ,17 מרץ ,דבקה]

[30] - [גנרל רביעי רוסי הרוג באוקראינה]. מייגור גנרל אולג מיסאיב מפקד דוויזיות

הרובאים הממוכנת מסי 150, תיק דבקה,  
מרץ 16 2022]

Earlier Mistakes,” *NYT*, March 1st,  
2024]

גנרל שישי רוסי הרוג במלחמה. סגן] - [31]  
מפקד הכוח הימי הרוסי בים השחור קפטן  
ראשון אנדרי פאליי. פיקד גם על כוחות הצי  
[הרוסי בסוריה. תיק דבקה, מרץ 21, 2022]



נרהג הגנרל הרוסי השיבועי במלחמה] - [32]  
במזרח אוקראינה: מייגור-גנרל רומן  
קוטוזוב. היה מפקד הארמיה המשוריינת  
[החמישית, תיק דבקה, יוני 6, 2022]

אחד הגנרלים הרוסיים הבכירים] - [33]  
נרהג במלחמה באוקראינה. זהו הגנרל הרוסי  
העשירי הנהרג המלחמה, תיק דבקה, יוני 14,  
2022]

**הרמטכ"ל הרוסי הגנרל  
וואלרי גרסימוב הגיע לזירת  
המלחמה באוקראינה ולקח  
אישית את הפיקוד על חזית  
איזום Izyum. הצי הרוסי  
הציב דולפינים בנמלים בים  
השחור להגן עליהם מפני  
אנשי צפרדע**

הניו יורק טיימס: ארצות הברית] - [34]  
סיפקה לאוקראינה מידע מודיעיני שאפשר  
להם להרוג 12 גנרלים רוסיים, תיק דבקה,  
מאי 5, 2022]

אפר 29, 2022 @ 16:56  
המלחמה באוקראינה, הרמטכ"ל הרוסי גנרל  
וואלרי גרסימוב, נשיא אוקראינה ולודימיר זלנסקי, צבא אוקראינה, צבא רוסי

["U.S. Helped Kyiv in  
Targeting Russian Generals," *New  
York Times*, May 5th, 2022]

[The War Lab, *Time*, Volume  
203. NOS. 5—6, February 26th,  
2024]

["Russia's losses around  
Vuhledar renew questions about its  
ability to sustain a fresh offensive,"  
*NYT*, February 15th, 2023]

["Kharkov Battles: On the  
Fall of Novomikhailovka,"  
*LeftOpposition*, April 17th, 2024]

["In an Epic Battle of Tanks,  
Russia Was Routed, Repeating

بالترامن مع اقتراب" : [id7p\_@] — [40]  
الغرب إرسال طائرات عسكرية مقاتلة إلى  
أوكرانيا، قام الجيش الروسي بتنفيذ عدة ضربات  
صاروخية على إحدى المطارات العسكرية في  
دنيبروبتروفسك مما نتج عن تدمير طائرة  
وتعطيل MiG-29 أوكرانية مقاتلة من طراز

طائرتين من نوع Yak-40.” May 22nd,  
2024]

[41] — [“Kharkov Battles: On the  
Eve of the Last Fall of Kharkov,”  
*LeftOpposition*, April 10th, 2024]

צבא רוסיה נכנס למרכז העיר ] - [חרקוב]  
חרקוב, העיר השנייה בגודלה באוקראינה.  
רוסיה: הצלחנו לכתר שתי ערים בדרום  
אוקראינה – חרסון וברדיאנסק, תיק דבקה,  
02.27.2022]

אם הצבא האוקראיני יצליח לשים] - [חארכיב]  
מצור על הכוחות הרוסיים ליד חארכיב זו  
תהייה המפלה הגדולה ביותר של צבא רוסיה  
מאז מלחמת העולם השנייה, תיק דבקה  
09.10.2022, ]

---